Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Meiosis - Internet Lesson**

In this investigation, you will view sites that illustrate the process of meiosis. For each site answer the questions associated. Remember that url's must be typed in exactly as they appear.

**Site 1 - Lew-Port's Meiosis Page  
Go to** [**https://lpscience.fatcow.com/jwanamaker/animations/meiosis.html**](https://lpscience.fatcow.com/jwanamaker/animations/meiosis.html)

**-->click on Meiosis (also try googling "lewport biology animations" for shortcut)**

1. How many chromosomes does the cell in this animation start with ? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
2. The homologous pairs are represented by similar \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
3. When chromosomes make copies of themselves, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
4. Copies of chromosomes are held together by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
5. Each chromosome finds its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
6. Draw "crossing over" - using your pencil to shade in the areas that exchange parts.

7. How many chromosomes are at each pole of the cell? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
7. During meiosis 2, chromosomes line up again along the cell's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
8. Only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ copy of each chromosome moves toward the poles. Which means only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ chromosomes of the original six.  
9. New membranes form around each \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
10. Each cell divides, forming a total of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cells each with \_\_\_\_\_\_ the number of chromosomes.

**Site 2 - Sumanas Inc., Animation of Meiosis**[**http://www.sumanasinc.com/**](http://www.sumanasinc.com/webcontent/anisamples/majorsbiology/) **---> go to animation gallery --> go to general biology --> Meiosis**

12. Read the introduction. Explain how sexual reproduction results in unique offspring.

(Click the "STEP THROUGH" button)  
12. DNA replication takes place when? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
13. Meiosis consists of two cell divisions: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
14. Centrosomes (aka centrioles) migrate to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
15. The pairing of homologous chromosomes is called: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
16. Crossing over points are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
17. What happens in metaphase I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
18. What happens during anaphase I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
19. What is interkinesis? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
20. In prophase II, each cells is [ diploid / haploid ] (circle)  
21. In metaphase II, chromosomes line up in [ single | double ] file.  
22. What happens during telophase II? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
23. (Click to Conclusion). Each of the four daughter cells produced by meiosis is [ identical / unique ]

**(Click to Quiz)**

24. With respect to meiosis, when does DNA replication occur? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
25. When does crossing over occur? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
26. During which phase do chromosomes line up along the equator? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
27. During which phase does the nuclear membrane form around the chromosomes? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Site 3 - Biology in Motion - Meiosis  
Go to** [**www.biologyinmotion.com**](http://biologycorner.com/worksheets/www.biologyinmotion.com) **--> click "Cell Division Exercise" --> Click "Practice Meiosis"**

28. There are two ways in which the chromosomes can end up after meiosis. Sketch the two ways and indicate by color the chromosomes (use the following color codes: Purple, Dark Purple, Green, Dark green)

**Site 4: PBS: Mitosis vs. Meiosis**[**http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/baby/**](http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/baby/) **--> Click "How Cells Divide" -->"Mitosis vs. Meiosis"**

29. Read the background information:

What is mitosis and what type of cells does it make?

What is meiosis and what type of cells does it make?

30. After viewing the animation, fill out the chart below, by placing a check in the box or boxes to indicate which the event occurs in (some events might have checks for both mitosis and meiosis).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Meiosis | Mitosis |
| One cell division |  |  |
| Centrioles appear |  |  |
| Chromosomes pair up |  |  |
| Spindle fibers form |  |  |
| Two cell divisions |  |  |
| Cytokinesis |  |  |
| Two daughter cells |  |  |
| Four daughter cells |  |  |
| Genetically identical as parent cell |  |  |
| Genetically unique from parent cell |  |  |

[Meiosis Teacher's Guide](http://biologycorner.com/worksheets/meiosis_internet_key.html)